### **WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE**

#### **2020 REGULAR SESSION**

#### Introduced

#### House Bill 4115

By Delegates Steele, Graves, Pack, Bartlett and Sypolt

[Introduced January 13, 2020; Referred to the Committee on Education then Health and Human Resources]

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A BILL to amend and reenact §16-3-4 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to compulsory immunization of public school children; and removing references to private and parochial schools from compulsory immunization.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

# ARTICLE 3. PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF COMMUNICABLE AND OTHER INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

## §16-3-4. Compulsory immunization of <u>public</u> school children; information disseminated; offenses; penalties.

- (a) Whenever a resident birth occurs, the commissioner shall promptly provide parents of the newborn child with information on immunizations mandated by this state or required for admission to a public private and parochial school in this state or a state-regulated child care center.
- (b) Except as hereinafter provided, a child entering <u>public</u> school or a state-regulated child care center in this state <u>must shall</u> be immunized against chickenpox, hepatitis-b, measles, meningitis, mumps, diphtheria, polio, rubella, tetanus, and whooping cough.
- (c) No child or person may be admitted or received in any of the <u>public</u> schools of the state or a state-regulated child care center until he or she has been immunized against chickenpox, hepatitis-b, measles, meningitis, mumps, diphtheria, polio, rubella, tetanus, and whooping cough or produces a certificate from the commissioner granting the child or person an exemption from the compulsory immunization requirements of this section.
- (d) Any <u>public</u> school or state-regulated child care center personnel having information concerning any person who attempts to be enrolled in a <u>public</u> school or state-regulated child care center without having been immunized against chickenpox, hepatitis-b, measles, meningitis, mumps, diphtheria, polio, rubella, tetanus, and whooping cough shall report the names of all such persons to the commissioner.

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(e) Persons may be provisionally enrolled under minimum criteria established by the commissioner so that the person's immunization may be completed while missing a minimum amount of <u>public</u> school. No person shall <u>may</u> be allowed to enter <u>public</u> school without at least one dose of each required vaccine.

- (f) County health departments shall furnish the biologicals for this immunization for children of parents or guardians who attest that they cannot afford or otherwise access vaccines elsewhere.
- (g) Health officers and physicians who provide vaccinations must shall present the person vaccinated with a certificate free of charge showing that they have been immunized against chickenpox, hepatitis-b, measles, meningitis, mumps, diphtheria, polio, rubella, tetanus, and whooping cough, or he or she may give the certificate to any person or child whom he or she knows to have been immunized against chickenpox, hepatitis-b, measles, meningitis, mumps, diphtheria, polio, rubella, tetanus, and whooping cough.
- (h) The commissioner is authorized to may grant, renew, condition, deny, suspend or revoke exemptions to the compulsory immunization requirements of this section, on a statewide basis, upon sufficient medical evidence that immunization is contraindicated or there exists a specific precaution to a particular vaccine.
- (1) A request for an exemption to the compulsory immunization requirements of this section must shall be accompanied by the certification of a licensed physician stating that the physical condition of the child is such that immunization is contraindicated or there exists a specific precaution to a particular vaccine.
- (2) The commissioner is authorized to may appoint and employ an Immunization Officer to make determinations on request for an exemption to the compulsory immunization requirements of this section, on a statewide basis, and delegate to the Immunization Officer the authority granted to the commissioner by this subsection.
  - (3) A person appointed and employed as the Immunization Officer must shall be a

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44 physician licensed under the laws of this state to practice medicine.

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- (4) The Immunization Officer's decision on a request for an exemption to the compulsory immunization requirements of this section may be appealed to the State Health Officer.
- (5) The final determination of the State Health Officer is subject to a right of appeal pursuant to the provisions of §29A-5-1 et seq. of this code.
- (i) A physician who provides any person with a false certificate of immunization against chickenpox, hepatitis-b, measles, meningitis, mumps, diphtheria, polio,, rubella, tetanus, and whooping cough is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than \$25 nor more than \$100.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to require compulsory immunization of public school children. The bill removes references to private and parochial schools from compulsory immunization.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.